Sit back, enjoy our garden, and watch nature take its course. Try replacing grassy areas in your yard to make your own habitat at home. You will be amazed after one season as you see various butterflies and birds attracted to it.



"As gardeners and stewards of our land, we have never been so empowered to help save biodiversity from extinction, and the need to do so has never been so great. All we need to do is plant native plants!"

-Doug Tallamy, Bringing Nature Home





Above: Monarch caterpillar and egg



Have more questions?

VB Master Gardener Help Desk (757) 385-8156 vbmghelp@vbgov.com

National Wildlife Foundation nwf.org/nativeplantfinder/plants

askHRgreen.org

To schedule a "Fun on the Farm" Tour at VB Farmers Market, call (757) 385-4388







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Children's Wildlife Habitat

by
Virginia Beach
Master Gardeners



Above: Entrance to the Wildlife Habitat

"It is now within the power of individual gardeners to do something that we all dream of doing: to make a difference."

-Doug Tallamy, Bringing Nature Home



o add a habitat to the Children's
Garden, we covered grass with
layers of thick cardboard,
newspaper, grass, and leaves in
the fall. By early spring, the grass was dead,
and many worms were working hard under
the cardboard. We added top soil and mulch.
After the weather warmed up, we selected
native plants that provide insects a place to
lay eggs and for the larva to grow. Native
plants require less care than non-natives
because they have adjusted to our area.

We picked specific host plants to attract butterflies. They enjoy our plants, and we enjoy seeing them!

Look for the following plants, eggs, caterpillars, and butterflies in our garden.

Milkweed—Monarch Fennel—Black Swallowtail Pipevine—Pipevine Swallowtail Spicebush—Spicebush Swallowtail



To add nectar for the butterflies, we chose Joe Pye Weed (bottom right), sunflowers (left), butterfly weed, milkweed (top right), bee balm, coneflowers, asters, and more.



The Eastern Tiger Swallowtail is our Virginia state insect. They host on Tulip Poplar, Sweet Bay Magnolia, and Cherry trees, some of which are found in the wood behind the habitat. They frequently visit our garden for nectar.



Insects and birds need to drink, so we supply them with water in bird baths.

